Threatened Flora of Victoria

Particularly of the Greater Geelong area

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Threatened Victorian flora

How big is the problem?



Current threat status of Victorian vascular plants [total no of natives 3708]

State			National (EPBC)
*Extinct:	44	(1.1%)	3
*Endangered:	341	(9.1%)	65
*Vulnerable:	486	(13.1%)	98
Rare:	819	(22.1%)	

* = 'threatened'

Data from VicFlora: http://data.rbg.vic.gov.au/vicflora/



REASONS FOR RARITY

- Land modification (e.g. urbanisation; agriculture; recreation; mining; weeds; feral animals)
- Taxonomy
- Our perceptions not always accurately reflecting the real situation (e.g. nearly 1/3 of R&T are orchids)
- Climate change (?yet)
- Inherent rarity (e.g. rare habitat, symbiosis – orchids, but not only orchids)

Land modification

- Fertile, easily cleared ground for cropping and grazing
- Mines (bluestone, Lara, Fyansford; limestone, Batesford; coal, Anglesea)
- Cities
- Resorts loving them to death (Queenscliff, Anglesea)
- Rivers/dams (e.g. West Barwon, Stony Ck)
- Animal introductions (e.g. rabbits, horses, deer, goats, pigs)
- Weeds (e.g. Boneseed, Chilean Needle-grass, Serrated Tussock, Marram)



Land modification (ctd)

- Between 1971 and 2015 Victoria's population nearly trebled – currently 5.8 million and growing fast (projected to increase to c. 8 mill by 2020)
- Despite 'net gain' policy Victoria loses native vegetation by between 4,000 and 11,000 ha/yr



Taxonomy

- The science (art) of turning one common species into many rare ones – particularly a phenomenon for charismatic groups (e.g. orchids, eucalypts, *Grevillea*, *Callistemon*) – can lead to consumption of conservation resources on rarities that may not be (e.g. *Adriana quadripartita*).
- The flipside of this is the neglect of uncharismatic groups (e.g. grasses, sedges) that probably harbour yet-to-be-named rare species.



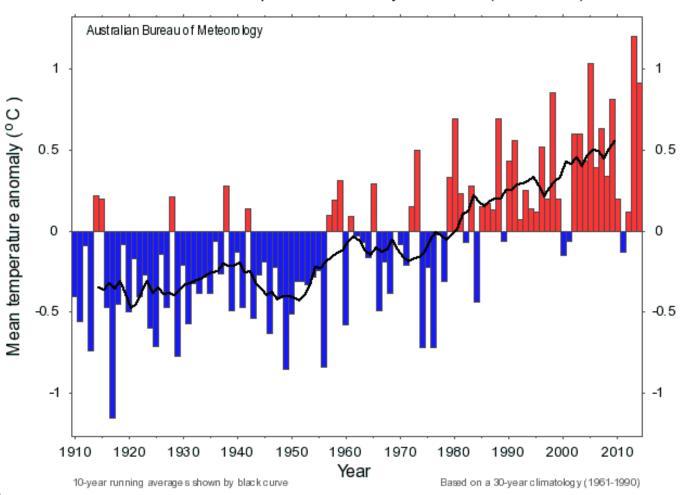
Climate Change

- Australia is 14th largest emitter per capita of Greenhouse Gases worldwide (Climate Council 2015)
- Victoria has increased emissions by 12% since 1990
- Australia's March mean temperature hottest on record at 1.70 ° C above average National March mean minimum temperatures warmest on record, with an anomaly of +1.97 ° C (BoM, Apr. 2016)
- Globally, February 2016 was the hottest on record even though El Nino was not particularly strong (Prof. David Karoly, Univ. of Melbourne).
- IPCC (2013) projected sea-level rise to 1 m by 2100 (more recent studies suggests that, depending on the behaviour of Greenland and Antarctica ice sheets, this could go out to 3 or even 5 m by 2100).



Deviation from mean temperature: going up.....







Saltmarsh - one of Victoria's most threatened





It's not only plants we lose





Orange-bellied Parrot, Werribee. Photo: Chris Tzaros

Grasslands of the Victorian Volcanic Plain: a nationally endangered community





Well-maintained *Themeda* grassland near Nerrin Nerrin

photo: Debbie Reynolds

Geranium sp. 1: endangered in Victoria





Grasslands garden, RBGV, Melbourne

Pimelea spinescens, Little River area





Photo: Chris Clarke, Natureshare

Poa physoclina: salt lake margin specialist (note zonation)





Lake Burnie Bolac near Derrinallum. Photo A. Pritchard

Poa sallacustris: salt lake margin specialist





Lake Corangamite: note Coxiella shell substrate

Pomaderris halmaturina ssp. continentis



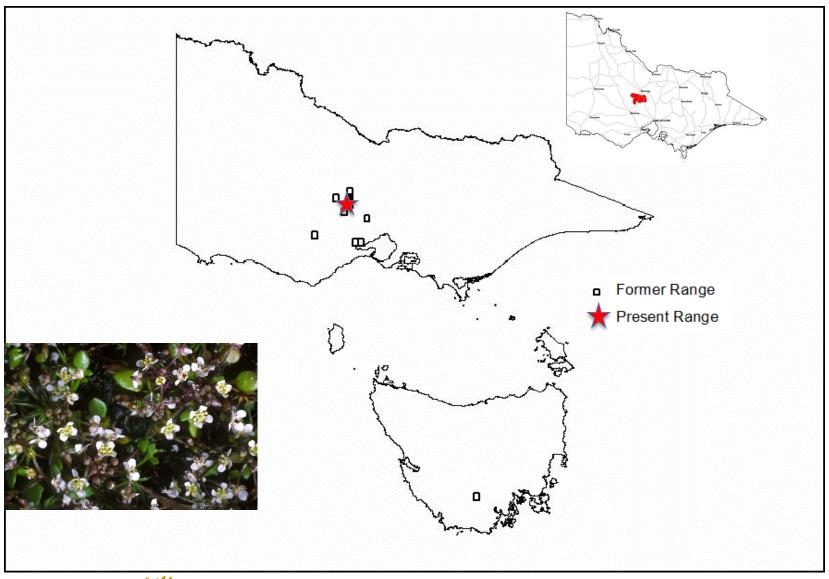


Southern Shepherds Purse: Ballantinia antipoda





Ballantinia antipoda: previous and current range





Pterostylis truncata

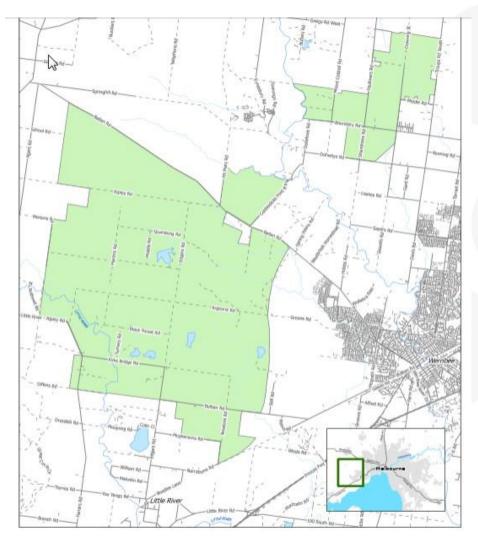


What to do?

- In situ protection (weeding, reinforcement – mostly landowners, friends groups & Govt authorities)
- ✓ Restoration (communities and species; seed-orcharding)
- ✓ Ex-situ conservation (e.g. seedbanking)
- ✓ Public education (regional rare plant collections; signage)



Habitat Restoration: e.g. Western Grasslands Reserve







15,000 ha between the You Yangs and Werribee

Habitat creation as sea level rises? Not here!





Hastings, Western Port; photo Paul Boon

Habitat Restoration: seed-orcharding





Species Restoration/Translocation







Southern Shepherds-purse, *Ballantinia antipoda*, Mt Tarrengower.

Maybe reintroduce to You Yangs?

Species restoration: Population enhancement





Pomaderris halmaturina ssp. continentis: Dans Reserve, Connewarre, Surf Coast shire

Seedbanking: bells and whistles



Millennium Seed Bank building, RBG Kew, Wakehurst Place



Seedbanking: compact, low-tech, but effective



Victorian Conservation Seedbank, RBGV, Melbourne



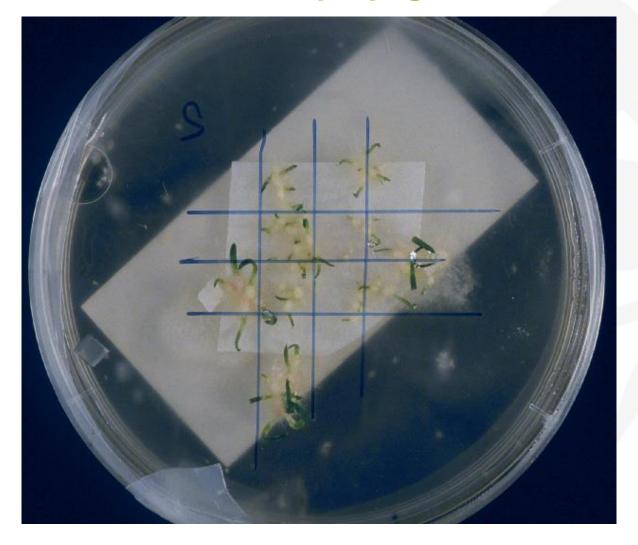
Species restoration: seedbanking for propagation

Caladenia fulva: hand-polliation, near Stawell



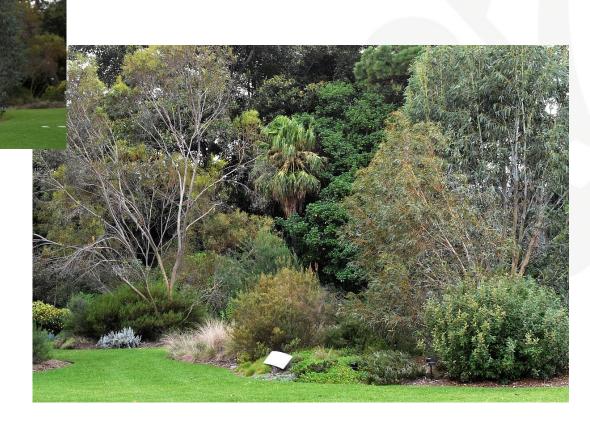


Species restoration: ex-situ propagation for translocation





Ex situ conservation + Public Education





Threatened species beds, RBGV Melbourne

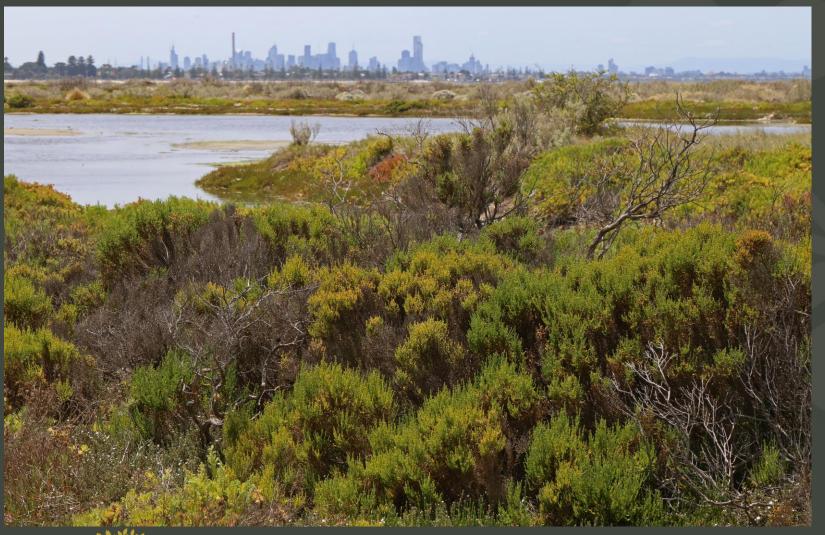
Public education





Threatened species beds, RBGV Melbourne

Finito – hopefully not!





Williamstown. Photo: Megan Rixon